

1. A compound of the formula #

 $R_a - A - Het - B \oint Ar - E$ (I)

wherein

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A denotes a carbonyl or sulphonyl group linked to the benzo, pyrido, pyrimido, pyrazino, pyridazino or thieno moiety of the group Het, whilst moreover the abovementioned moieties may not contain an R₁ group,

B denotes an ethylene group, wherein a methylene group, linked either to the group Het or Ar, may be replaced by an oxygen or sulphur atom or by a sulphinyl, sulphonyl, carbonyl or -NR₁ group, wherein

 R_1 denotes a hydrogen atom or a C_{1-6} -alkyl group,

20 E denotes a cyano of R_{p} NH-C(=NH) - group wherein

 $R_{\rm b}$ denotes a hydrogen atom, a hydroxy group, a C_{1-3} -alkyl group or a group which may be cleaved in vivo,

Ar denotes a phenylene or naphthylene group optionally substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom or by a trifluoromethyl C_{1-3} -alkyl or C_{1-3} -alkoxy group,

a thienylene, thiazolylene, pyridinylene, pyrimidinylene, pyrazinylene or pyridazinylene group optionally substituted in the carbon skeleton by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group,

Het denotes a bicyclic heterocycle of formula

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wherein

X is a nitrogen atom and

Y is an oxygen or sulphur atom or a nitrogen atom optionally substituted by a C_1 -alkyl or C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group, whilst additionally one or two non-angular methyne groups in the phenyl moiety of the above-mentioned bicyclic heterocycle may each be replaced by a nitrogen atom,

or X denotes a methyne group optionally substituted by the group R_1 , wherein R_1 is as hereinbefore defined, and

Y denotes a nitrogen atom optionally substituted by a C_{1-6} -alkyl or C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group,

or Het denotes a group of the formula

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R₁ is as hereinbefore defined,

Z denotes an oxygen or sulphur atom,

one of the groups or G denotes a nitrogen atom and the other group D or G denotes a methyne group,

and R_a denotes a C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group optionally substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group, wherein the C_{1-3} -alkyl group may additionally be substituted by a carboxyl group or by a group which may be converted *in vivo* into a carboxy group,

or an R_2NR_3 - group/wherein

 $R_2 \ \ denotes \ \ denotes$

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a C_{2-4} -alkyl group substituted by a hydroxy, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkoxy, carboxy- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino or C_{1-3} -alkylamino or C_{1-3} -alkylamino or C_{1-3} -alkylamino or C_{1-3} -alkylamino group, whilst in the abovementioned groups the carbon atom in the α -position relative to the adjacent nitrogen atom may not be substituted, or

a piperidinyl group optionally/substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group and

 R_3 denotes a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group optionally substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group, a C_{3-6} -alkenyl or alkynyl group, wherein the unsaturated part may not be linked directly to the nitrogen atom of the R_2NR_3 - group, a phenyl group optionally substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom or by a C_{1-3} -alkyl or C_{1-3} -alkoxy group, a benzyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrrolyl, thienyl or imidazolyl group or

 R_2 and R_3 together with the nitrogen atom between them denote a 5- to 7-membered cycloalkyleneimino group, optionally substituted by a carboxymethyl or C_{1-4} -alkoxycarbonyl group, onto which a phenyl ring may additionally be fused,

30 or a tautomer or salt thereof.

2. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1, wherein

A denotes a carbonyl or sulphonyl group linked to the benzo, pyrido, pyrimido, pyrazino, pyridazino or thieno

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moiety of the group Het, whilst moreover the abovementioned moieties may not contain an R_1 group,

B denotes an ethylene group, in which a methylene group,

linked either to the group Het or Ar, may be replaced by an oxygen or sulphur atom or by a sulphingl, sulphonyl,

carbonyl or -NR₁- group, wherein

 R_1 denotes a hydrogen atom or a/C_{1-5} -alkyl group,

E denotes an R_bNH-C(=NH) - group wherein

 R_b denotes a hydrogen atom, a hydroxy group, a C_{1-3} -alkyl group or a group which may be cleaved in vivo,

Ar denotes a phenylene group optionally substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom or by a trifluoromethyl, C_{1-3} -alkyl or C_{1-3} -alkoxy group,

a thienylene, thiazolylene, pyridinylene, pyrimidinylene, pyrazinylene or pyridazinylene group optionally substituted in the carbon skeleton by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group,

25 Het denotes a bicyclic heterocycle of formula

$$X$$
 , wherein

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X is a nitrogen at om and

Y is an oxygen of sulphur atom or a nitrogen atom optionally substituted by a C_{1-6} -alkyl or C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group, whilst additionally one or two non-angular methyne groups in the phenyl moiety of the

above-mentioned bicyclic heterocycle may each be replaced by a nitrogen atom,

or X denotes a methyne group optionally substituted by the group R_1 , wherein R_1 is as hereinbefore defined, and

Y denotes a nitrogen atom optionally substituted by a C_{1-6} -alkyl or C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group,

or Het denotes a group of the formulae

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$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

5 R₁ is as hereinbefore defined,

Z denotes an oxygen or sulphur/atom

one of the groups D or G denotes a nitrogen atom and the other group D or G denotes a methyne group,

and R_a denotes a C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group optionally substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group, wherein the C_{1-3} -alkyl group may additionally be substituted by a carboxyl group or by a group which may be converted *in vivo* into a carboxy group,

or a R_2NR_3 - group wherein

R₂ denotes a C₁₋₄-alkyl group, which may be substituted by a carboxy, C₁₋₆-alkyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₃-alkylsulphonylaminocarbonyl, phenylsulphonylaminocarbonyl, trifluorosulphonylamino, trifluorosulphonylaminocarbonyl or 1H-tetrazolyl group,

a C_{2-4} -alkyl group substituted by a hydroxy, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkoxy, carboxy- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkylamino or C_{1-3} -alkylamino or C_{1-3} -alkylamino or C_{1-3} -alkylamino group, whilst in the abovementioned groups the carbon atom in the α -position relative to the adjacent nitrogen atom may not be substituted, or

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a piperidinyl group optionally substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group and

 R_3 denotes a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group optionally substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl group, a C_{3-6} -alkenyl or alkynyl group, wherein the unsaturated part may not be linked directly to the nitrogen atom of the R_2NR_3 - group,

a phenyl group optionally substituted by a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom or by a C₁₋₃-alkyl or C₁₋₃-alkoxy group, a benzyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, thienyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, imidazolyl or piperidinyl group or

 R_2 and R_3 together with the hitrogen atom between them denote a 5- to 7-membered cycloalkyleneimino group, optionally substituted by a carboxymethyl or C_{1-4} -alkoxycarbonyl group, onto which additionally a phenyl ring may be fused,

or a tautomer or salt thereoff.

3. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1, wherein

A denotes a carbonyl or sulphonyl group linked to the

30 benzo, pyrido, pyrimido, pyrazino, pyridazino or thieno
moiety of the group Het, whilst moreover the abovementioned
moieties may not contain an R₁ group,

B denotes an ethylene group in which the methylene group 35 linked to the group Ar may be replaced by an oxygen or sulphur atom or by an -NR₁- group, wherein

 R_1 denotes a hydrogen atom or a C_{1-4} -alkyl group, E denotes an $R_b NH-C (=NH)$ - group wherein

 R_b denotes a hydrogen atom, a hydroxy, C_{1-9} -alkoxycarbonyl, cyclohexyloxycarbonyl, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl, benzoyl, p- C_{1-3} -alkyl-benzoyl or pyridinoyl group, whilst the ethoxy moiety in the 2-position of the abovementioned C_{1-9} -alkoxycarbonyl group may additionally be substituted by a C_{1-3} -alkyl-sulfonyl or 2- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkoxy)-ethyl group,

Ar denotes a 1,4-phenylene group optionally substituted by a chlorine atom or by a methyl, ethyl or methoxy group or it denotes a 2,5-thienylene group,

Het denotes a $1-(C_{1-3}-alkyl)-2$, benzimidazolylene, 1-cyclopropyl-2,5-benzimidazolylene, 2,5-benzothiazolylene, 1- $(C_{1-3}-alkyl)-2$,5-indolylene, 1- $(C_{1-3}-alkyl)-2$

20 2,5-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridinylene, 3-(C_{1-3} -alkyl)-2,7-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinylene or 1-(C_{1-3} -alkyl)-2,5-thieno[2,3-d]imidazolylene group and

Ra denotes an R2NR3- group wherein

R₂ is a C_{1-4} -alkyl group substituted by a carboxy,

 C_{1-6} -alkyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylsulphonylaminocarbonyl or 1H-tetrazol-5-yl

group,

a C_{2-4} -alkyl group substituted by a hydroxy, benzyloxy, carboxy- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-carboxy- C_{1-3} -alkylamino or N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)- C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino group, whilst in the abovementioned groups the carbon

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atom in the α -position to the adjacent nitrogen atom may not be substituted,

 R_3 denotes a C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl group, a propargyl group, wherein the unsaturated part may not be linked directly to the nitrogen atom of the R_2NR_3 group, a phenyl group optionally substituted by a fluorine or chlorine atom, or by a methyl or methoxy group, a pyrazolyl, pyridazolyl or pyridinyl group optionally substituted by a methyl group or

 R_2 and R_3 together with the nitrogen atom between them denote a 5- to 7-membered cycloalkyleneimino group, optionally substituted by a carboxy or C_{1-4} -alk-oxycarbonyl group, to which a phenyl ring may additionally be fused,

or a tautomer or salt thereof

4. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1, wherein

A denotes a carbonyl or sulphonyl group linked to the

25 benzo, pyrido or thieno moiety of the group Het, whilst
moreover the abovementioned moieties may not contain an R₁
group,

R₁ denotes a hydrogen atom or a methyl group,

35 E denotes an $R_bNH-C(=NH)$ - group, wherein

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 R_b denotes a hydrogen atom or a hydroxy, $C_{1-9}\text{-alkoxycarbonyl}, \text{ cyclohexyloxycarbonyl}, \\ \text{benzyloxycarbonyl}, \text{ benzoyl}, \text{ p-}C_{1-3}\text{-alkylbenzoyl} \text{ or } \\ \text{nicotinoyl group}, \text{ whilst the ethoxy moiety in the 2-position of the abovementioned } C_{1-9}\text{-alkoxycarbonyl} \\ \text{group may additionally be substituted by a } C_{1-3}\text{-alkylsulphonyl or } 2\text{-}(C_{1-3}\text{-alkoxy})\text{-ethyl group},$

Ar denotes a 1,4-phenylene group optionally substituted by a chlorine atom or by a methyl, ethyl or methoxy group, or it denotes a 2,5-thienylene group,

Het denotes a 1-methyl-2,5-benzimidazolylene, 1-cyclopropyl-2,5-benzimidazolylene, 2,5-benzothiazolylene,

15 1-methyl-2,5-indolylene, 1-methyl-2,5-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridinylene, 3-methyl-2,7-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinylene or 1-methyl-2,5-thieno[2,3-d]imidazolylene group and

20 Ra denotes a R2NR3- group wherein

 R_2 denotes a C_{1-3} -alkyl group which may be substituted by a carboxy, C_{1-6} -alkyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, methylsulphonylaminocarbonyl or 1H-tetrazol-5-yl group,

a C_{2-3} -alkyl group substituted by a hydroxy, benzyloxy, carboxy- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-carboxy- C_{1-3} -alkylamino or N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)- C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino group, whilst in the abovementioned groups the carbon atom in the α -position to the adjacent nitrogen atom may not be substituted, and

 R_3 denotes a propargyl group, wherein the unsaturated moiety may not be linked directly to the nitrogen atom of the R_2NR_3 group a phenyl group optionally

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substituted by a fluorine or chlorine atom, or by a methyl or methoxy group or it denotes a pyridinyl group,

- 5 or a tautomer or salt thereof.
 - 5. A compound of the formula I according to claim 1, wherein

A denotes a carbonyl group linked to the benzo or thieno moiety of the group Het,

B denotes an ethylene group wherein the methylene group

15 attached to the group Ar may be replaced by an -NR₁ group,

whilst

R₁ denotes a hydrogen atom/of a methyl group,

20 E denotes an RbNH-C(=NH) - group wherein

 R_{b} is a hydrogen atom, a hydroxy, C_{1-9} -alkoxycarbonyl, cyclohexyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, benzoyl, $p-C_{1-3}$ -alkyl-benzoyl or nicotinoyl group, whilst the ethoxy moiety in the 2-position of the abovementioned C_{1-9} -alkoxycarbonyl group may additionally be substituted by a methyl sulfonyl or 2-ethoxy-ethyl group,

Ar denotes a 1,4-phenylene group optionally substituted by a methoxy group or it denotes a 2,5-thienylene group,

Het denotes a 1-methyl-2,5-benzimidazolylene, 2,5-benzothiazolylene, 1-methyl-2,5-indolylene or 1-methyl-2,5-thieno[2,3-d]imidazolylene group and R_a denotes an R_2NR_3 - group wherein

 R_2 denotes a C_{1-3} -alkyl group which may be substituted by a carboxy, C_{1-6} -alkyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, methylsulfonylaminocarbonyl or 1H-tetrazol-5-yl group,

a C_{2-3} -alkyl group substituted by a hydroxy, benzyloxy, carboxy- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino, N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)-carboxy- C_{1-3} -alkylamino or N- $(C_{1-3}$ -alkyl)- C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino group, whilst in the abovementioned groups the carbon atom in the α -position to the adjacent nitrogen atom may not be substituted, and

15 R₃ denotes a phenyl group optionally substituted by a fluorine atom, or it denotes 2-pyridinyl group,

or a tautomer or salt thereof.

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- 6. A compound selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) 2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-aminomethyl]-benzthiazole-5-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N/(2-carboxyethyl)-amide,

(b) 2-[N-(4-midinophenyl)-N/methyl-aminomethyl]-benzthiazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,

- 30 (c) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
- (d) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-aminomethyl]35 benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenylN-(3-hydroxycarbonylpropyl)-amide,

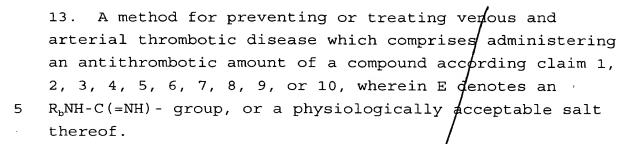
- (e) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2-pyridyl)-N-(hydroxycarbonylmethyl)-amide,
- (f) 1-Methyl-2-[2-(2-amidinothiophen-5-yl)ethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2-pyridyl)-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
- 10 (g) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-aminomethyl]benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2-pyridyl)-N-(2hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
- (h) 1-Methyl-2-[2-(4-amidinophenyl) ethyl]-benzimidazol-515 yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2-pyridyl)-N-(2hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
- (i) 1-Methyl-2-[2-(4-amidinophehyl)ethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl) amide,
 - (j) 1-Methyl-2-[2-(4-amidinophenyl)ethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl N-[2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)ethyl]-amide,
 - (k) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amid nophenyl)-aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-[2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)ethyl]-amide,
- 30 (1) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-N-methyl-aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2-pyridyl)-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl) amide,
- (m) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-N-methyl-aminomethyl]35 benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(3-pyridyl)-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,

- (n) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-N-methyl-aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
- 5 (o) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-[(N-hydroxycarbonylethyl-N-methyl)-2-aminoethyl]-amide,
- (p) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-aminomethyl]10 benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(3-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
- (q) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)/-aminomethyl]benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(215 hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
 - (r) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidino-2-methoxy-phenyl)aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
 - (s) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidino-2-methoxy-phenyl)aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2pyridyl)-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide,
- 25 (t) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)aminomethyl]-indol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-(2-methoxycarbonylethyl)-amide and
- (u) 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl) aminomethyl] 30 thieno[2.3-d]imidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl) -amide,
 - or a prodrug, double prodrug or salt thereof.

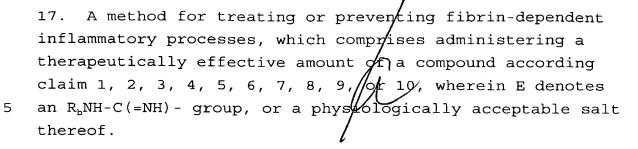
7. 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-phenyl-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide, or a prodrug, double prodrug or salt thereof.

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- 8. 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidinophenyl)-amihomethyl]benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2-pyridyl)-N-(2hydroxycarbonylethyl)-amide or a prodrug, double prodrug or
 salt thereof.
 - 9. 1-Methyl-2-[N-(4-amidino-2-methoxy-phenyl)aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2-
- pyridyl)-N-(2-hydroxycarbonylethyl) famide, or a prodrug, double prodrug or salt thereof.
 - 10. 1-Methyl-2-[N-[4-(N-n-
- 20 hexyloxycarbonylamidino)phenyl]aminomethyl]-benzimidazol-5-yl-carboxylic acid-N-(2-pyridyl) N-(2-ethoxycarbonylethyl) amide.
- 25 11. A physiologically acceptable salt of a compound according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 wherein E denotes an R_bNH-C(=NH) group.
- 12. A pharmaceutical composition containing a compound according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10, wherein E denotes an $R_bNH-C(=NH)$ group, or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.



- 14. The method of claim 13 wherein said thrombotic disease is selected from the group consisting of deep leg vein thrombosis, reocclusion after a bypass operation or angioplasty (PT(C)A), occlusion in peripheral arterial disease, pulmonary embolism, disseminated intravascular coagulation, coronary thrombosis, stroke, and the occlusion of a shunt or stent.
- 15. A method for providing antithrombotic support in thrombolytic treatment utilizing at PA or streptokinase,
 20 which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10, wherein E denotes an R_bNH-C(=NH) group, or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof.
- 16. A method for preventing metastasis or the growth of clot-dependent tumours, which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10, wherein E denotes an R_bNH-C(=NH)- group, or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof.



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